

# Iron County Register

BY ELI D. AKE.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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## Official Directory.

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ton, Mo.  
JOHN L. THOMAS, Judge Twenty-Sixth Judicial, the State, Mo.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY IRON COUNTY.

COURTS: Circuit Court is held on the Fourth Monday in April and October. County Court convenes on the First Monday of March, June, September and December. Probate Court is held on the First Monday in February, May, August and November.

OFFICERS: A. W. HOLLOMAN, Presiding Judge County Court. J. G. CLARKSON, County Judge, South District. R. J. HILL, County Judge, Western District. J. S. JORDAN, Prosecuting Attorney. S. E. REYNOLDS, Collector. W. A. FLETCHER, County Clerk. J. H. HUFF, Circuit Clerk. FRANK DUNN, Probate Judge. JAS. H. CLARK, Treasurer. P. W. WHITEWORTH, Sheriff. S. K. BRYANT, Assessor. W. S. GIBSON, Assessor. JAS. M. LOGAN, Public Administrator. A. W. HOLLOMAN, Surveyor. A. P. VANCE, School Commissioner.

## CHURCHES:

CATHOLIC CHURCH, Arcadia College and Pilot Knob. L. C. WERNICK, Pastor. High Mass and Sunday at Arcadia College every Sunday at 8 o'clock A. M. Vespers and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 4 o'clock P. M. High Mass and Vespers and Benediction at Pilot Knob Catholic Church at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Sunday School for children at 1:30 o'clock P. M. M. E. CHURCH, Cor. Reynolds and Mountain Streets, C. E. HEATON, Pastor. Residence: Iron-ton. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning prayer at 9:30 A. M. Choral Meeting Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Prayer Meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings. All are invited. M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, Fort Hill, between Iron-ton and Arcadia. Rev. L. PULLIAM, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday, morning and evening. Sabbath School every Sunday at 9:30 A. M. and Prayer Meeting every Tuesday evening at 7 P. M. LUTHERAN CHURCH, Pilot Knob. Rev. ROBERT SMUCKER, Pastor. A. M. E. CHURCH, Corner Shepherd and Washington streets, Iron-ton. A. ABRAHAM, pastor.

## SOCIETIES:

IRON LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F., meets every Monday at 8 o'clock. Mail and Madison streets. AUGUST RIEKE, No. 29, I. O. O. F., meets every Monday and third Thursday evening of every month in Odd-Fellows' Hall, corner Main and Madison streets. SAM BUCKMAN, C. P. R. Secretary. STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 133, A. F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall, corner Main and Madison streets, on Saturday or preceding full moon. W. R. EDGAR, W. M. C. R. Secretary. MIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 71, R. W. M., meets at the Masonic Hall on the first and third Tuesdays of each month, at 7 P. M. R. SHERMAN, M. E. H. P. Secretary. VALLEY LODGE, No. 1870, BROTHERS OF THE HOOD, meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd-Fellows' Hall every alternate Wednesday evening. H. N. BARNES, D. C. J. A. SHERMAN, Secretary. EASTERN STAR LODGE, No. 62, A. F. & A. M. (colored), meets on the second Saturday of each month. IRON POST, No. 246, G. A. R., meets the 2d and 4th Thursday evenings of each month. A. R. ELLIOTT, P. C. C. R. PECK, A. D. T. PILOT KNOB LODGE, No. 253, A. O. U. W., meets every 2d and 4th Wednesday evening, 7:30 P. M., upstairs in Union Church. PILOT KNOB LODGE, No. 155, I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday evening at their hall. CHAS. M. BROWN, Secretary. PILOT KNOB MIXERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION, Wm. SEARLE, President. THOMAS KINNELLY, Secretary. IRON LODGE, No. 30, SONS OF HERMAN, meets on the second and last Sunday of each month. WM. STEFFENS, President. VAL KENNEDY, Secretary. IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 430, A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday night on or after the full moon. G. W. WOOD, W. M. J. R. GREEN, Secretary. IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 260, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday night of each week. IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 260, A. O. U. W., meets on the first and third Friday of each month. BELLEVUE MOSAIC LODGE, No. 351, A. F. & A. M., meets on the 2d and 4th of preceding full moon. A. J. HARRALL, W. M. PHEBE LODGE, No. 330, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday in Masonic Hall. FARMERS ALLIANCE, MEETING: Annapolis Alliance, No. 154, meets Saturday, April 28th, 1888, and, after that, every second Saturday at 7:30 P. M. J. M. BROWN, Sec'y, Annapolis, Mo. Arcadia Valley Alliance, No. 104, meets on Saturday evenings before the 1st and 3d Sundays of every month, at 7:30 P. M. JOHN LEVY, Sec'y, Iron-ton, Mo. EAGLE ALLIANCE, No. 152, meets on the 1st and 3d Saturdays of each month. All neighbors are invited. FRANCIS ALLIANCE meets at Hogan on the 2d and 4th Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M. B. S. GREGORY, Sec'y. MARBLE CREEK ALLIANCE, No. 102, meets every month on Saturday evening before the second Sunday at Logtown, and Saturday evening before the fourth Sunday at the Red Schoolhouse on Marble Creek. W. T. SUTTON, Sec'y, Iron-ton, Mo. ELM GROVE ALLIANCE, No. 119, meets every other Saturday evening, at the Elm Grove schoolhouse, Bellevue, at 7 o'clock P. M. J. W. LASHLEY, President. CEDAR GROVE ALLIANCE, No. 120, meets at the Cedar Grove schoolhouse in Bellevue the second and fourth Saturday at 1 o'clock P. M. Wm. RIMMOCK, President. J. G. HARTMAN, Secretary. GRANITEVILLE ALLIANCE, No. 233, meets at Workmen's Hall, Graniteville, on the 2d and 4th Saturdays of each month at 7:30 P. M. CHAS. ORRICK, Sec'y. CARVER ALLIANCE, No. 261, meets on the 2d and 4th Saturdays in each month at 7 o'clock P. M. at the Bollinger Schoolhouse. J. C. HUFF, Sec'y.

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Fine Table Cornmeal a Specialty.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat and Corn. Address orders to

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Hair-Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, Etc., all done in the latest and best styles known to the trade. Also, Hot and Cold BATH.

Cut this out, for it is GOOD FOR 50 CENTS!

This Card and 50 cents postal note or stamps will pay for 10 pieces of choice Vocal or Piano Sheet Music, same as is usually sold for \$1.00 each, from our catalogue of 2500 pieces. Catalogue Free, Order!

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## How Republicans are Deceived.

The National Tribune, an advertising sheet issued by Washington pension agents for circulation among members of the G. A. R., has a long editorial on pensions and the tariff, intended to show the farmer that he is enriched by the money he pays in pensions, because it keeps up tariff taxes which "protect the farmer."

Following is a sample of the argument: Last year we collected of imported agricultural products as follows:

Animals.....	8,925,370
Barley.....	8,025,370
Bristles.....	1,072,000
Butter.....	185,000
Cheese.....	20,612,700
Fruit, hemp, etc.....	12,106,333
Hay.....	975,673
Hops.....	1,053,233
Rice.....	2,433,694
Seeds.....	1,967,690
Sugar and molasses.....	65,985,692
Tobacco and cigars.....	12,314,429
Vegetables.....	7,081,659
Wool and manufactures of.....	9,281,281
	57,358,948

Total.....\$213,137,098

Every dollar of this enormous sum—which is more than double the entire expenditure for pensions—was received from duties imposed for the direct benefit of the farmers of the country. It would be a calamity for them to have the duties reduced and the government collect less money. It would be an advantage to them, to have the duties

reduced, in every respect, and fewer products brought from abroad to compete with theirs. What becomes of the money derived from this source is of minor importance; the main thing is to protect our farmers as far as possible from injurious foreign competition.

This would be ludicrous in the clumsiness of its falsehood if there were not many who will never compare the figures given with the real collections for 1888, which, on the articles named were as follows:

Animals.....	8,925,370
Barley.....	1,082,000
Bristles.....	145,394
Cheese.....	121,488
Hemp.....	200,182
Manilla.....	92,112
July Butts.....	249,425
Sisal grass.....	491,564
Fruit and nuts.....	4,447,545
Hay.....	200,810
Hops.....	467,802
Rice.....	1,700,000
Seeds.....	380,450
Sugar and molasses.....	52,004,000
Tobacco and cigars.....	9,734,087
Vegetables.....	1,750,051
Wool and manufactures of.....	1,080,000
Wool.....	4,729,886
Manufactures of wool.....	30,216,321

Total of articles named.....\$114,011,363

The difference between this and \$213,137,098, the duty actually collected in 1888 on the articles named, and the \$214,000,000 of duty alleged as collected, is bridged over by such items as "88,028,922" revenue from barley: "\$1,072,000" from bristles, and so on through the entire list in which there is scarcely a single item stated correctly, as anyone may see by turning to the treasury reports or to the compilation from them beginning on page 86 of the statistical abstract issued by the Librarian of Congress. The sum of \$213,137,098 which is set under this pension agent's table as a total of duties collected for the protection of agricultural products is the actual total of all tariff revenues for 1888—a fact which illustrates the close connection between lying and stealing as practised by the agents of protection and pensions.

From the table of articles on which we have given the duties the following are to be deducted:

Lumber and furniture.....	\$ 1,114,000
Tropical fruits.....	4,000,000
Sugar and molasses.....	52,004,000
Manufactures of wool.....	30,216,321
Total.....	\$89,419,321

Subtracting this from the total in the table above, there is left \$24,592,000 as the total duties collected from agricultural products, including rice, canned goods and manufactured tobacco and cigars. So that the total duties "protecting" farm products, exclusive of sugar, are less than the duty alleged to be collected on "flax, hemp, etc."

The liar no doubt put in the "etc." as an indication that he had a conscience.

As a matter of fact, there is not a duty levied on any farm product for the purpose of excluding competing imports. The duty on barley, which yields a comparatively large revenue, is only 13 per cent, while the duty on 24x30 window glass is 131 per cent, as salt. In 1886 we imported \$1,433,397 worth of foreign salt. Of this amount \$128,899, being salt used by curers of fish, did not pay any duty, but came in either free or under a remitted. The tariff laws are so carefully arranged that it treats some as loving children and others as step-children. The fishermen being the actual children of Eastern tariff makers get their salt for curing fish free of duty. But the farmers, being step-children, have to pay 85 per cent. duty on bulk salt and 39 per cent. on salt in bags if they want to use salt in their farms.

The treasury, growing under a surplus of \$100,000,000, saw fit to collect a duty in 1886 of \$706,324.34 on foreign salt. The home production is valued at \$5,000,000. This being enhanced at least by what the tariff says, \$2,000,000, it therefore follows that the country pays a tax of some \$2,700,000 for the luxury of using salt, more than half of which is paid by the farmers.

I pass over the wrong and outrage that the farmer should pay a tax of 12 cents per 100 pounds on salt in bags, or 8 cents per 100 pounds in bulk, when the fisherman of Gloucester get

ports are true, that the czar is crazy. The crimes he has committed ought to drive any man crazy. There is no liberty under the Russian dominion. Life with liberty and happiness, is only to be dreamed of and never realized. The bar, less expression of an honest indignation will set men and women their liberty, and perhaps their lives. We search the history of other countries in vain for a parallel—even during the power of the Spanish inquisition life was more bearable and liberty more of a reality than is the case now in Russia.

The outrages and crimes committed by the Russian government have become so notorious here of late years that public sentiment in England, in particular, is becoming so worked up that a declaration of war against the cruelties practiced by the czar may result in a demand from the English government that they cease. And England will not be alone when, in the name of humanity, she demands that the murder of innocent people be no longer legalized in Russia. People who have liberty and justice hate crime, no matter whether it is committed by the czar of Russia or his meanest serf.—Jefferson City Tribune.

Occupations and Taxes—Salt and Steel Rails.

The census of 1880 gives the following official and interesting returns of the number of people occupied in pursuing a gainful occupation. The total number was 18,392,093. The division was as follows:

Engaged in agriculture.....	7,670,403
Professional and personal services.....	4,074,238
Trade and transportation.....	1,810,216
Manufacturing, mechanical, mining.....	3,857,112
Total.....	17,392,099

But the actual number employed in manufacturing was:

Males above 16 years old.....	2,025,353
Females above 16 years old.....	361,626
Children.....	181,921

Total.....2,568,900

Now these 2,568,900 are the actual army, officered and marshalled by protection, to whom the whole population has to pay tribute in the shape of tariff tax. When we look at this thing calmly we may well ascribe to the sagacity of Mr. Bright, who in one sentence, defines the whole situation by describing the protectionists as an organized army, and the bulk of the population as a "mob" of consumers.

In the first place it will be seen that there are six times more people engaged in all other business, and nearly three times more in farming, than in manufacturing. Yet the latter are the ones who will cry themselves hoarse by pointing out that the existence and welfare of the whole 60,000,000 of our population rest upon the taxation in order that the latter may be paid to these 2,568,900 mechanics.

Of course, as protection is a mixture of knavery and ignorance, those who are ignorant of the fact cannot point out that a day's or a week's work will buy more of anything except bread and meat in Europe than in the United States. And those who do know it and omit to state it are the other set. But what would this country be without farmers? Only what is going on around us. The 2,700,000 people employed in mechanical industries have for several years past been discontented, and have been in constant dissension with employers. There are strikes almost every week; hundreds of thousands are in want and misery; full of grievances, whether real or not, yet grievances. And all this in the very teeth of protection, which the apostles of the protection Bait hold up as the only remedy for all evils. True, not only hundreds but thousands of millions of dollars have been gained by perhaps a hundred corporators or single individuals. The tariff on steel rails and steel, according to the uncontradicted statement of the Hon. William L. Scott of Erie, Pa., has made the income of one single individual in Pennsylvania \$5,000 a day. There are now, I believe, only 11 steel-rail corporations, who by dint of a duty of \$17 a ton on rails will pocket at least \$20,000,000 on home-made rails during the year 1887. There are hundreds of others of such monopolies to whose bonus it comes by the grace of the tariff amounts to hundreds of millions of dollars. Still, line for Democratic principles, never wavering or weakening in its loyalty to the true interests of the party it serves with fearless intelligence and disinterested vigor. At times opinions have differed as to the best means of accomplishing the common purpose; it is not the Sun's fault if it has seen further into the millstone.

Eighteen hundred and ninety is the year that will probably determine the result of the Presidential election of 1892, and perhaps the fortunes of the Democracy for the rest of the century. Victory in 1892 is a duty, and the beginning of 1890 is the best time to start out in company with the Sun.

Daily, per month.....\$0.50  
Daily, per year.....6.00  
Sunday, per year.....2.00  
Daily and Sunday, per year.....8.00  
Daily and Sunday, per month.....0.70  
Weekly Sun, per year.....1.00

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DR. KILMER & CO., South Bend, Ind. Local agent for Iron County at Iron-ton, Mrs. Julia James. Call on local agent when at all feasible.

Secure the Shadow Ere the Substance Fade!

I wish to announce to the citizens of the Valley and vicinity that I have refitted my place in Arcadia and can now guarantee my Photographs to compare favorably with the best city work. I will make Plain Cabinet Photographs for \$2 per dozen, and Carte de Visites \$1.50 per dozen. Other styles and sizes as low as good work can be done.

W. C. PERKINS.

their bulk salt free for curing fish, but come rather back to the stern, dry fact of a tax on salt at all. I believe India and the United States are now the only chief countries that have a salt tax. In India the salt tax is very little, but the population of a farmer, India being 250,000,000, this very infinitesimal tax aggregates to a very large sum, and, in fact, the only sure tax that the treasury can collect to make the bulk of the people contribute to the expense of the government. But what shall we say to a great country which is literally embarrassed by a surplus revenue of more than \$100,000,000 annually, and has been so for at least 10 years past, and therefore does not need this revenue, to tax the whole population some \$3,000,000 annually in order to pay a bonus to the home-made salt establishment? I am not a farmer, but I know that good farming requires salt besides what is used in the house. Salt is used for salting hay. It is used for cattle, and, of course, for dairy purposes.

In 1880 there were employed in the making of salt in the United States 4,125 males above 16 years old, 20 women and 144 children. Yet to this organized army of 4,289 men, women and children some 60,000,000 of the population have become a mob of consumers, and pay \$3,000,000 annual tax. And to add insult to injury, this important source, this legal robbery, is really difficult to see how millions of men with common understanding can submit to become a mob of consumers and be fleeced by an organized army of protectionists.